

ECMIS 2019 Ghent

Toxoid fusions STa_{toxoid}-mnLT_{R192G/L211A} induce neutralizing antibodies against STa but show little cross-reactivity with guanylin or uroguanylin

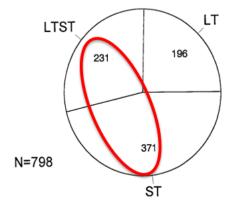
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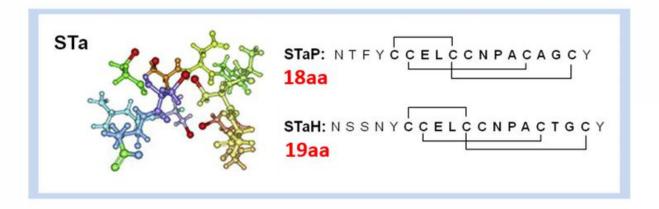
- Enterotoxigenic *Escherichia coli* (ETEC) is the leading cause of diarrhea in children (380-500 million), adult travelers (400 million), and also neonatal and post-weaning animals.
- > ETEC strains expressing STa alone or together with LT, cause about 2/3 of ETEC diarrhea cases in humans.
- **➤** However, there is no licensed vaccines.



Toxin distribution of ETEC isolates in the database.

Wolf, 1997. Clin. Microbiol. Rev. 10 (4):569-584





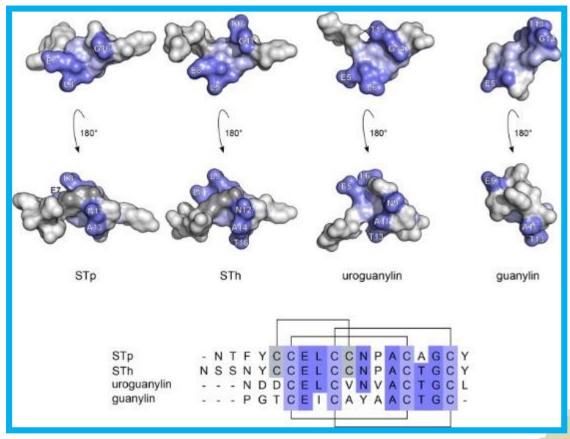
Small peptide; Three disulfide bonds; Poorly immunogenic; Potent toxin.

Nataro et al., 1998. Clin. Microbiol. Rev. 11(1):142-201.

One key challenge in ETEC vaccine development is the inability to use safe STa antigens to induce neutralizing anti-STa antibodies.



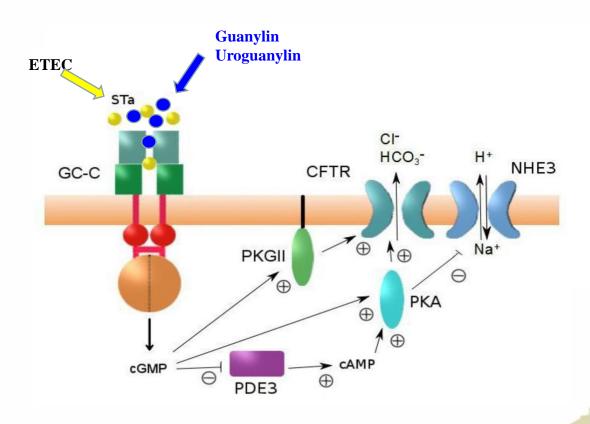
Guanylin and uroguanylin are endogenous GC-C ligands, and similar to STa in amino acid sequence, structure and function.



Structure and sequence comparisions of STp, STh, Guanylin and Uroguanylin Taxt AM et al., 2014



The molecular mechanism of STa and guanylin peptides



Weiglmeier et al., Toxins 2010, 2(9):2213-2229.





Recent studies demonstrated that STa toxoids and toxoid fusions can induce neutralizing anti-STa antibodies.

However, anti-STa antibodies immunological crossreactivity to the endogenous GC-C ligands guanylin and uroguanylin is a major concern because of the similar to STa in amino acid sequence, structure, and function.



Methods



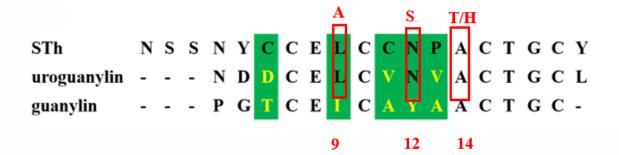
- ➤ Construction of the 3×STa_{toxoid}-mnLT_{R192G/L211A} toxoid fusions
- ➤ immunization of mice with the fusion proteins and anti-STa and anti-LT IgG antibodies titration
- > Mouse serum antibody *in vitro* neutralization activity against STa toxicity
- > Mouse serum antibody cross-reactivity with guanylin and uroguanylin



3×STatoxoid-mnLT_{R192G/L211A} toxoid fusions were constructed

3×STal9A/N12S-mnLTr192G/L211A; 3×STal9A/A14T-mnLTr192G/L211A;

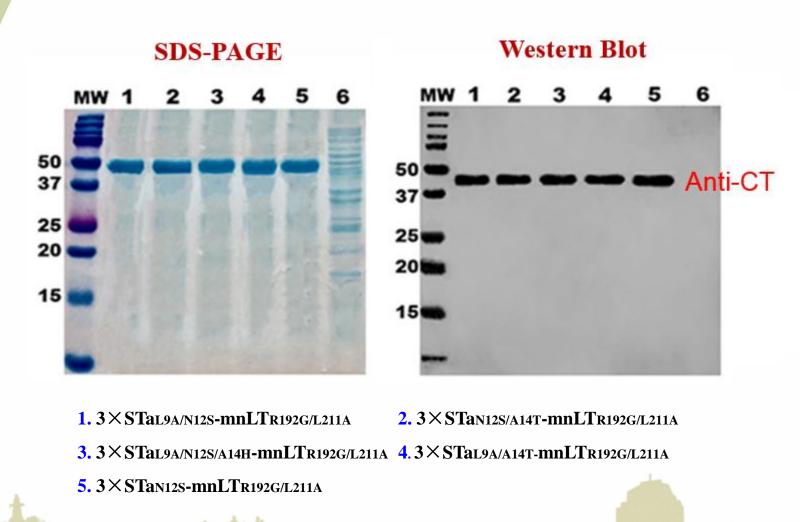
 $3 \times STa_{N12S/A14T-mnLT}$ R192G/L211A; $3 \times STa_{L9A/N12S/A14H-mnLT}$ R192G/L211A





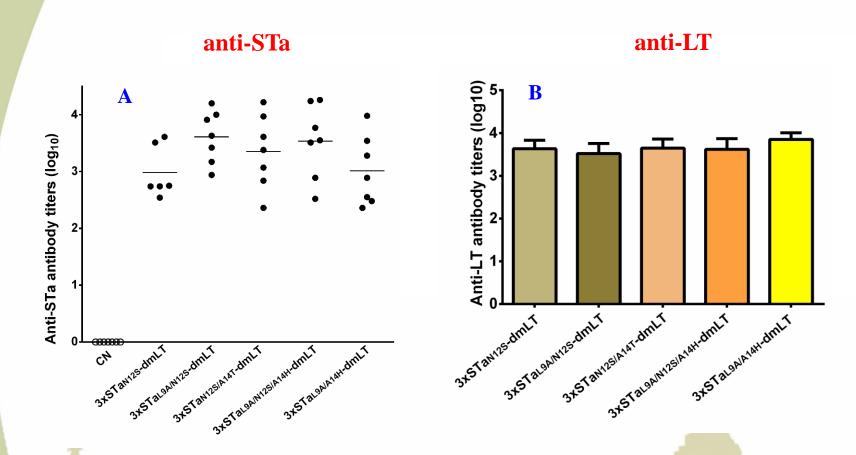


Fusion proteins were expressed & detected.



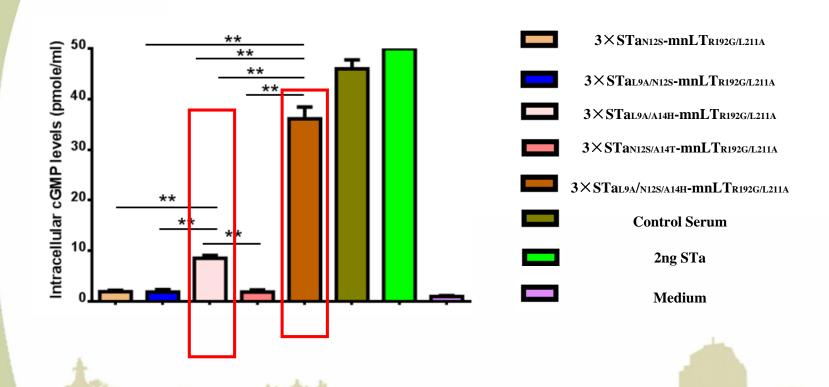


Toxoid fusions induced both anti-STa and anti-LT antibodies in mice



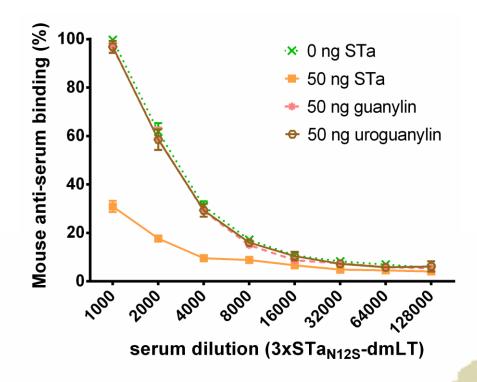


Serum samples of mice immunized with 3×STa_{N12S}-mnLT_{R192G/L211A}, 3×STa_{L9A/N12S}-mnLT_{R192G/L211A}, or 3×STa_{N12S/A14T}-mnLT_{R192G/L211A} neutralize against STa toxicity *in vitro*.

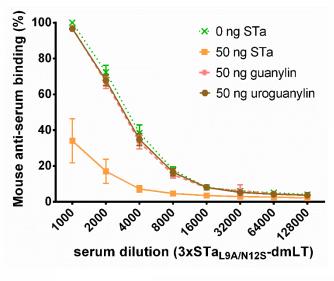


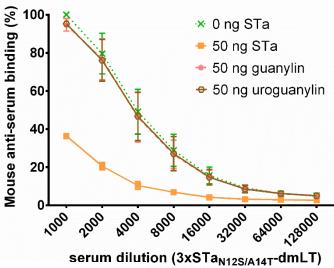


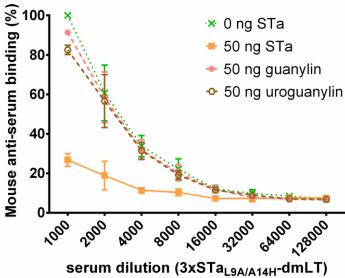
Serum antibodies from mice immunized with the toxoid fusion containing the single, double or triple STa mutants show little or limited cross-reactivity with guanylin or uroguanylin in a competitive STa ELISA



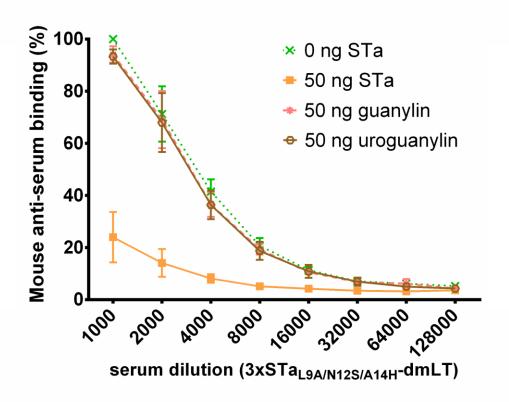














Summary

- **❖** STa single, double, and triple mutants STa_{N12S}, STa_{L9A/N12S}, STa_{N12S/A14T}, STa_{L9A/A14H}, and _{STa_L9A/N12S/A14H}, after being genetically fused to a monomeric LT mutant (mnLT_{R192G/L211A}) is able to induce antibody responses to both STa and LT;
- **♦** Antibodies derived from the toxoid fusions 3×STan12smnLTr192G/L211A, 3×STal9A/N12s-mnLTr192G/L211A, and 3×STan12s/A14TmnLTr192G/L211A neutralized STa *in vitro* and also did not crossreact with guanylin or uroguanylin;
- **❖** Our results indicated the above three toxoid fusions are potentially desirable antigens for developing safe ETEC vaccines .



Acknowledgements

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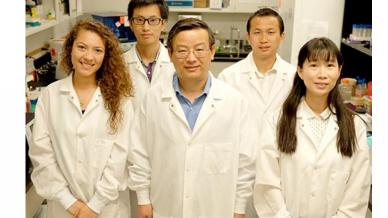
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